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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/827,834	04/06/2001	Jeffrey John Kester	8043M	6353
·23409	7590 05/21/2003	•	· · ·	
MICHAEL BEST & FRIEDRICH, LLP			EXAMINER	
100 E WISCONSIN AVENUE MILWAUKEE, WI 53202			BAHAR, MOJDEH	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1617	
			DATE MAILED: 05/21/2003	18

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/827,834	KESTER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Mojdeh Bahar	1617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	-h					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 F</u>						
<i>,</i>	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-7,9-11,13,15,16,23,27 and 28 is/are						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7,9-11,13,15,16,23,27 and 28</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicat	ion No				
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)	, , ,					
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 17	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on February 27, 2003 has been entered.

Applicant's arguments are persuasive to remove the obviousness rejection in the prior office action.

Claims 1-7, 9-11, 13, 15-16, 23, 27-28 are herein examined on the merits in so far as it reads on the elected specie.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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Claims 1-7, 9-11, 13, 15-16, 23, 27-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Openshaw et al. (GB 2178637 A) in view of FDA reference and Jandaceck (USPN 4,005,195).

Openshaw et al. (GB 2178637 A) teaches a highly palatable snack food such as crisps, chips, thin wafers, etc., comprising 5-70% bran, e.g., wheat, barley, oats, rye, and at least 5% oil or fat, see pages 1-2. Openshaw further teaches that its snack food can be made from a sheetable slurry comprising 40 gram of bran, see example 1, page 2.

Openshaw does not particularly teach the amount of fiber or fat per serving. Neither does it particularly teach the employment of polyol fatty acid polyesters in its composition.

FDA reference teaches that 30 g constitutes a serving (reference amount) of crackers that are usually used as snacks and chips, see pages 49 and 52 for example.

Jandaceck (USPN 4,005,195) teaches food compositions comprising polyol fatty acid polyesters, see abstract, col.6, lines 30-33, example IV, and col. 9, lines 4-24.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ beta glucan and a non-digestable fat such as polyol fatty acid polyesters in the ratios recited herein.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ beta glucan and a non-digestable fat such as polyol fatty acid polyesters in the ratios recited herein because polyol fatty acid polyesters are known to be useful in food compositions and the weight percentages herein are taught in the prior art. Moreover given the serving size the weight of each component is also taught in the prior art. Calculating the weight of each component based on the prior art

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yields the following: in a single serving (30 gram) there is 1.5-21 g of a source of beta-glucan and at least 1.5 g of oil.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the obviousness rejection in the previous office action have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. The declaration submitted under 37 CFR 1.132 has been considered but is not persuasive since Openshaw teaches a palatable snack food composition within the ranges claimed herein.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mojdeh Bahar whose telephone number is (703) 305-1007. The examiner can normally be reached on (703) 305-1007 from Monday to Friday from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan, can be reached on (703) 305-1877. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 308-4556.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

Mojdeh Bahar Patent Examiner May 13, 2003

> SREENI PADMANABHAN PRIMARY EXAMINER